

METR 5223: Atmospheric Radiation

Radiative Forcing
for Double CO₂
Derived From Modtran

Lecture for Spring 2009, v0.2

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Modtran calculations from:
understandingtheforecast.org
February 2009

Modtran3 Version 1.3

1976 U.S. Standard Atmosphere

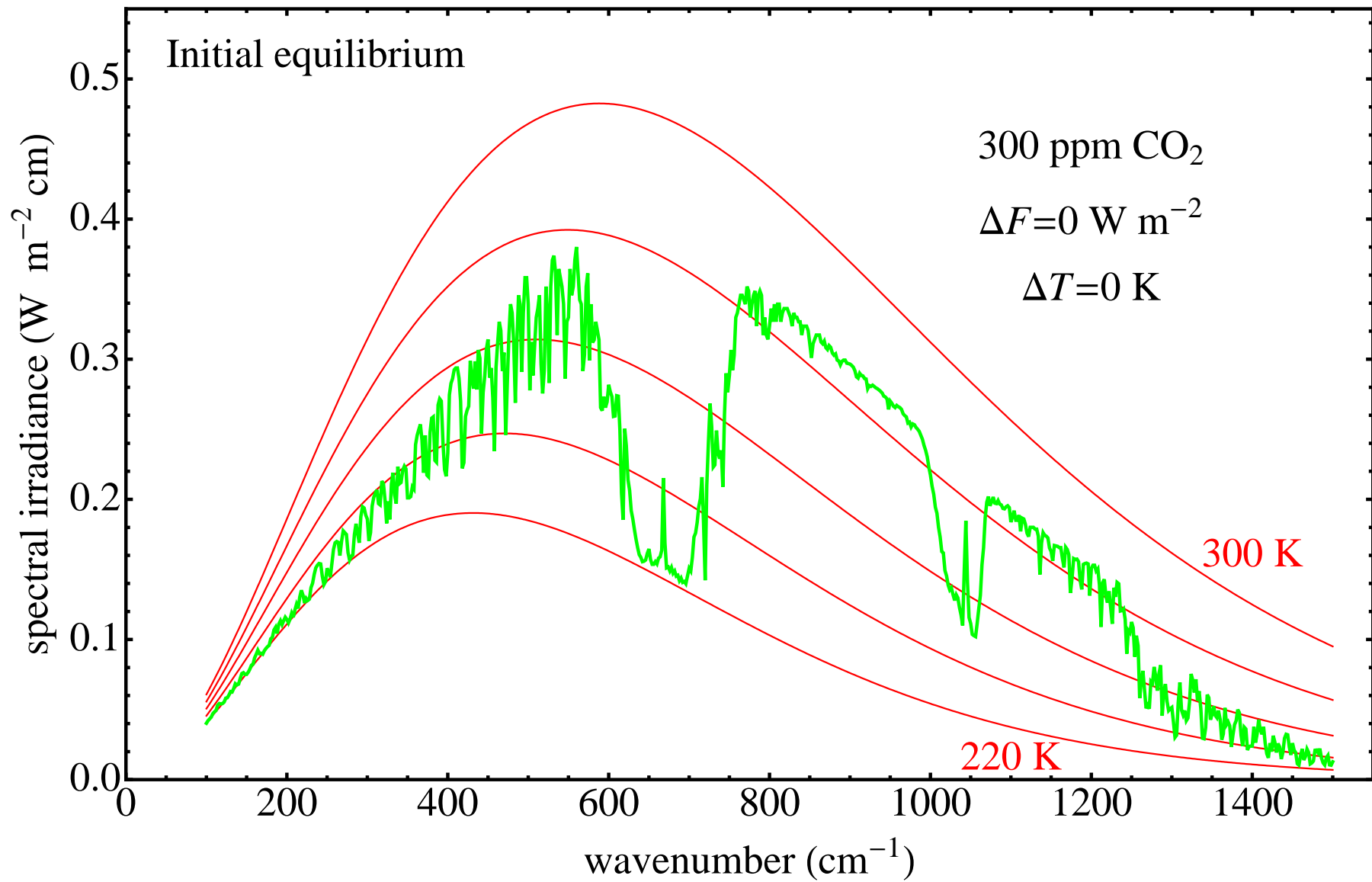
No Clouds or Rain

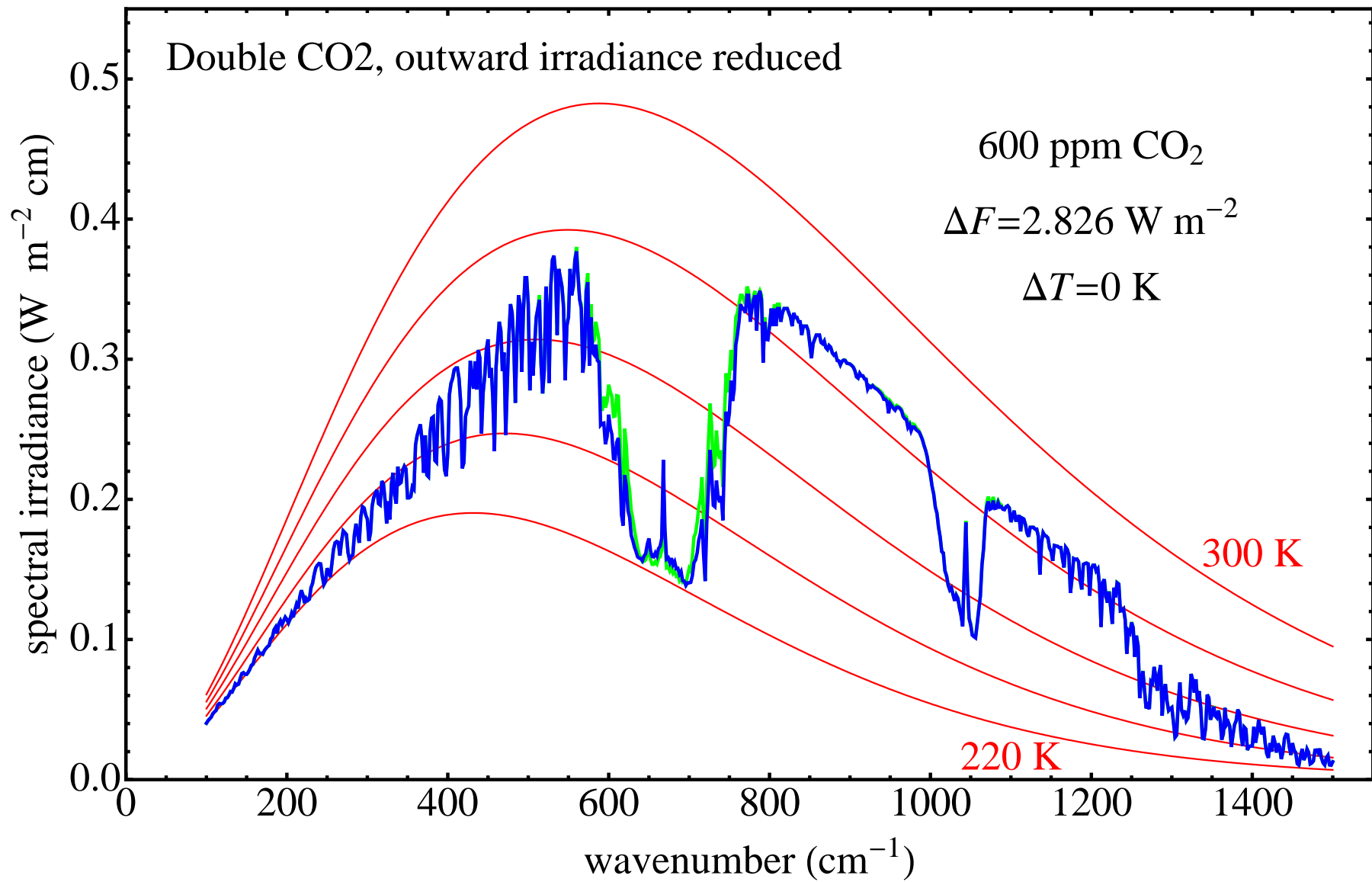
Sensor altitude 70 km, looking down

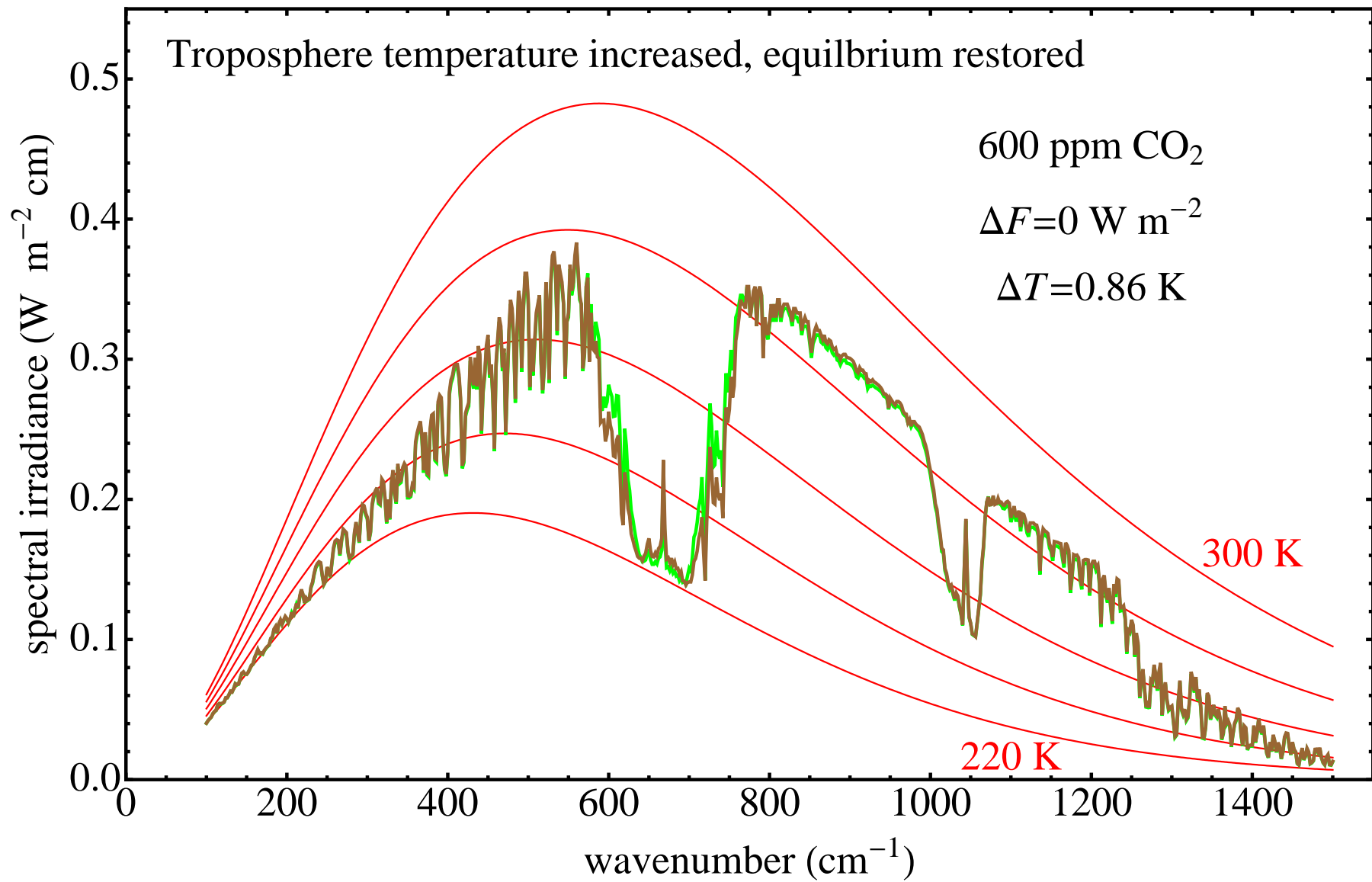
CH₄ 1.7 ppm

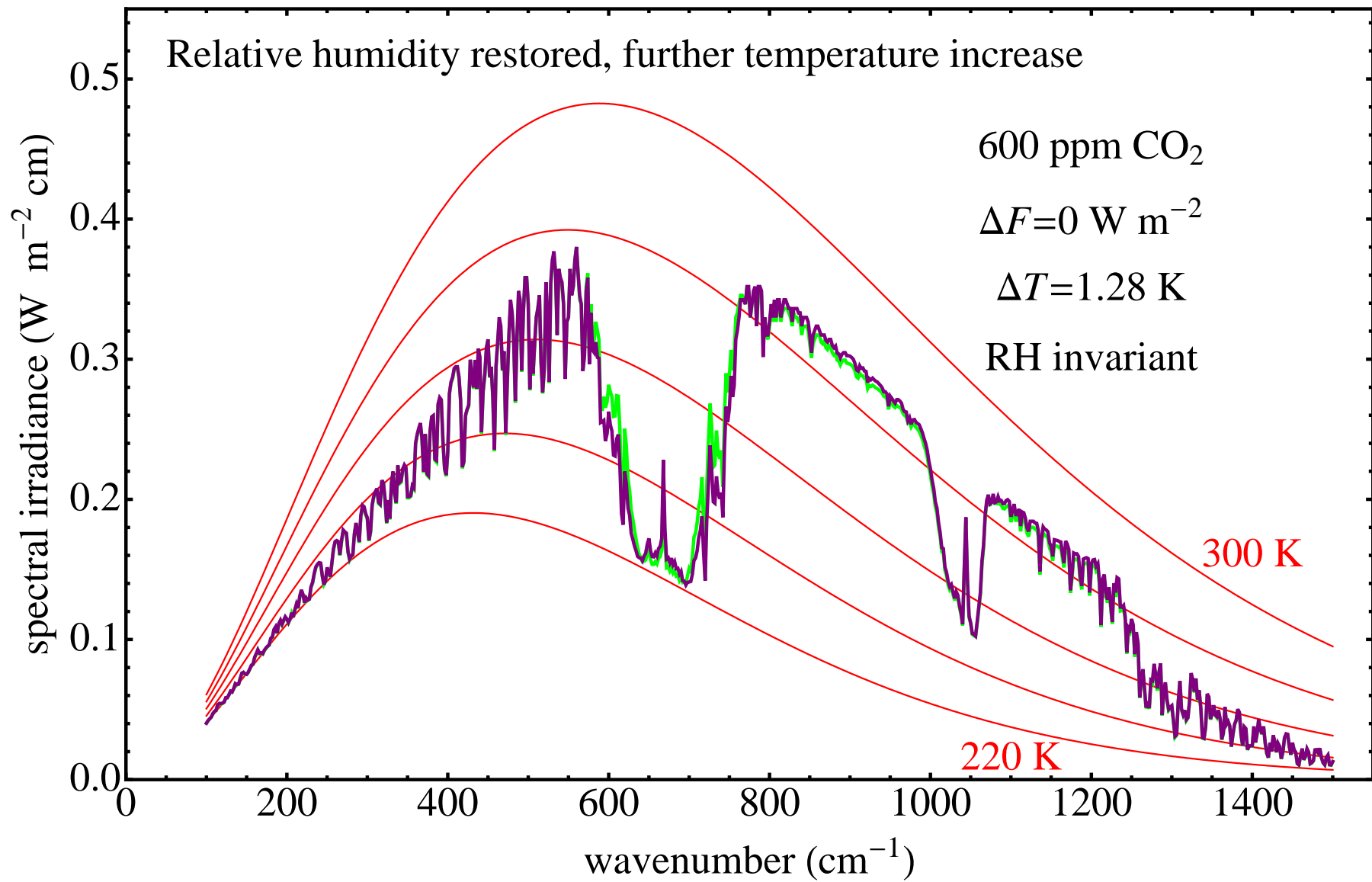
Trop. Ozone 28 ppb

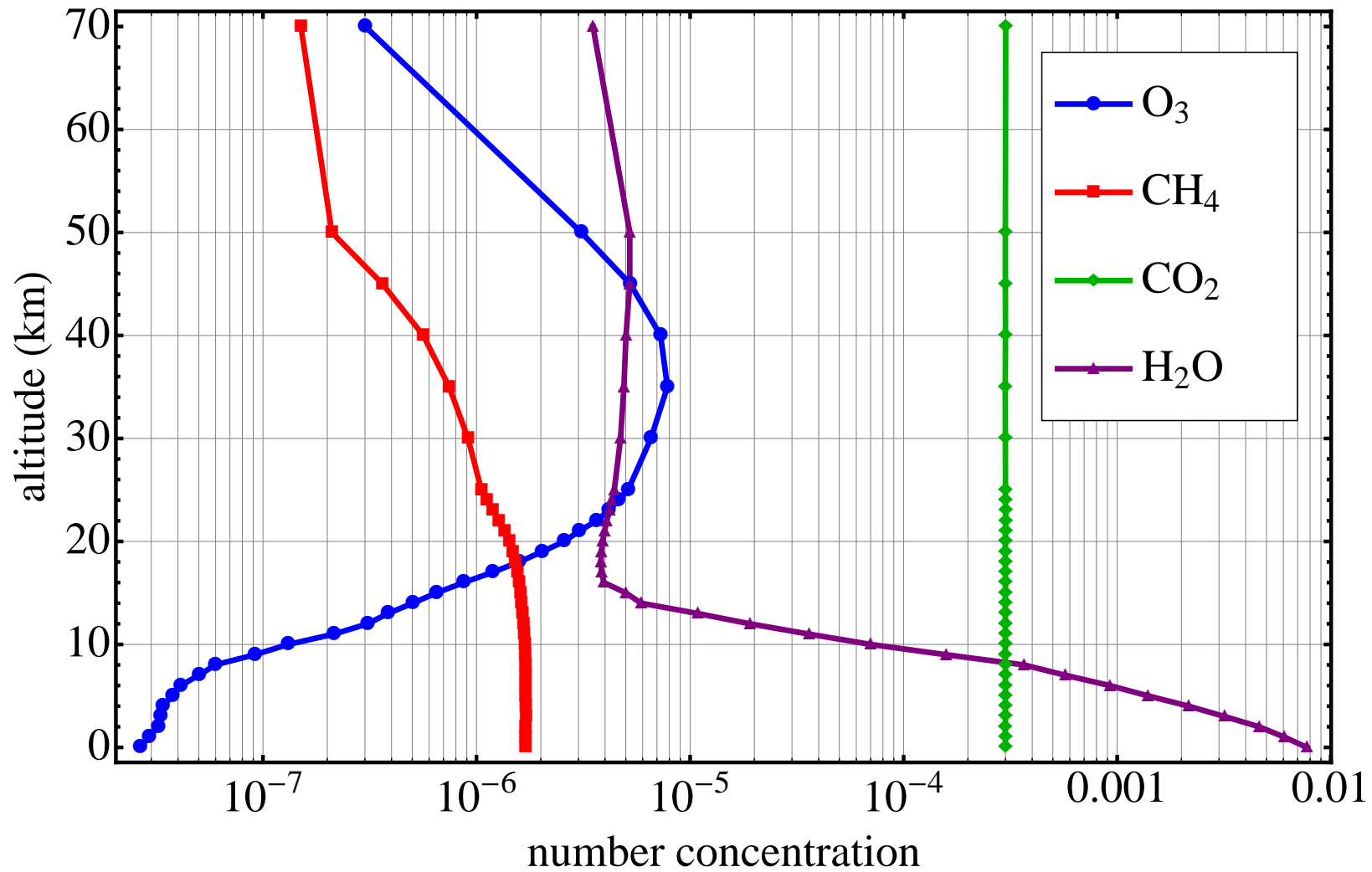
Strat. Ozone scale 1

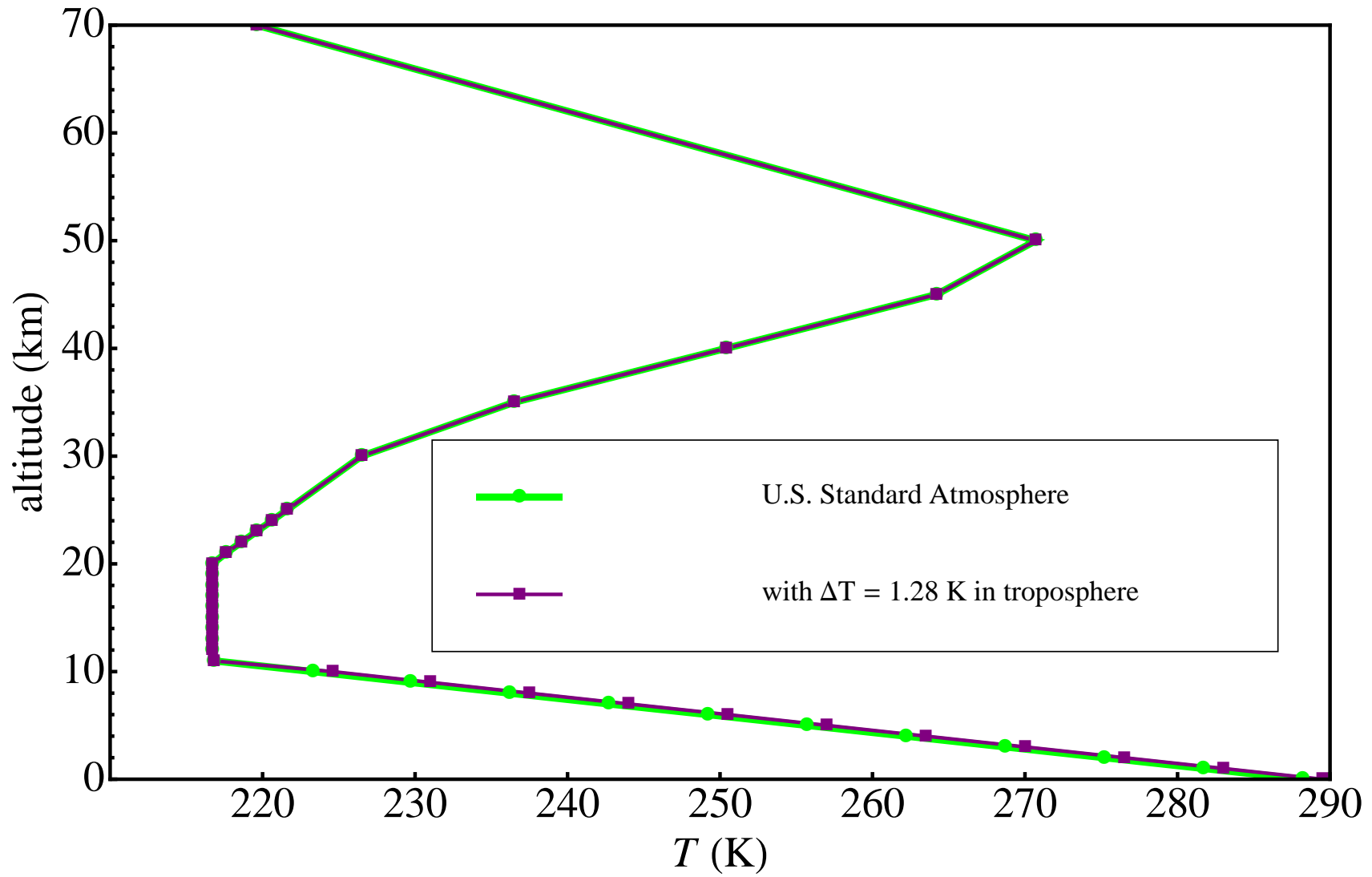


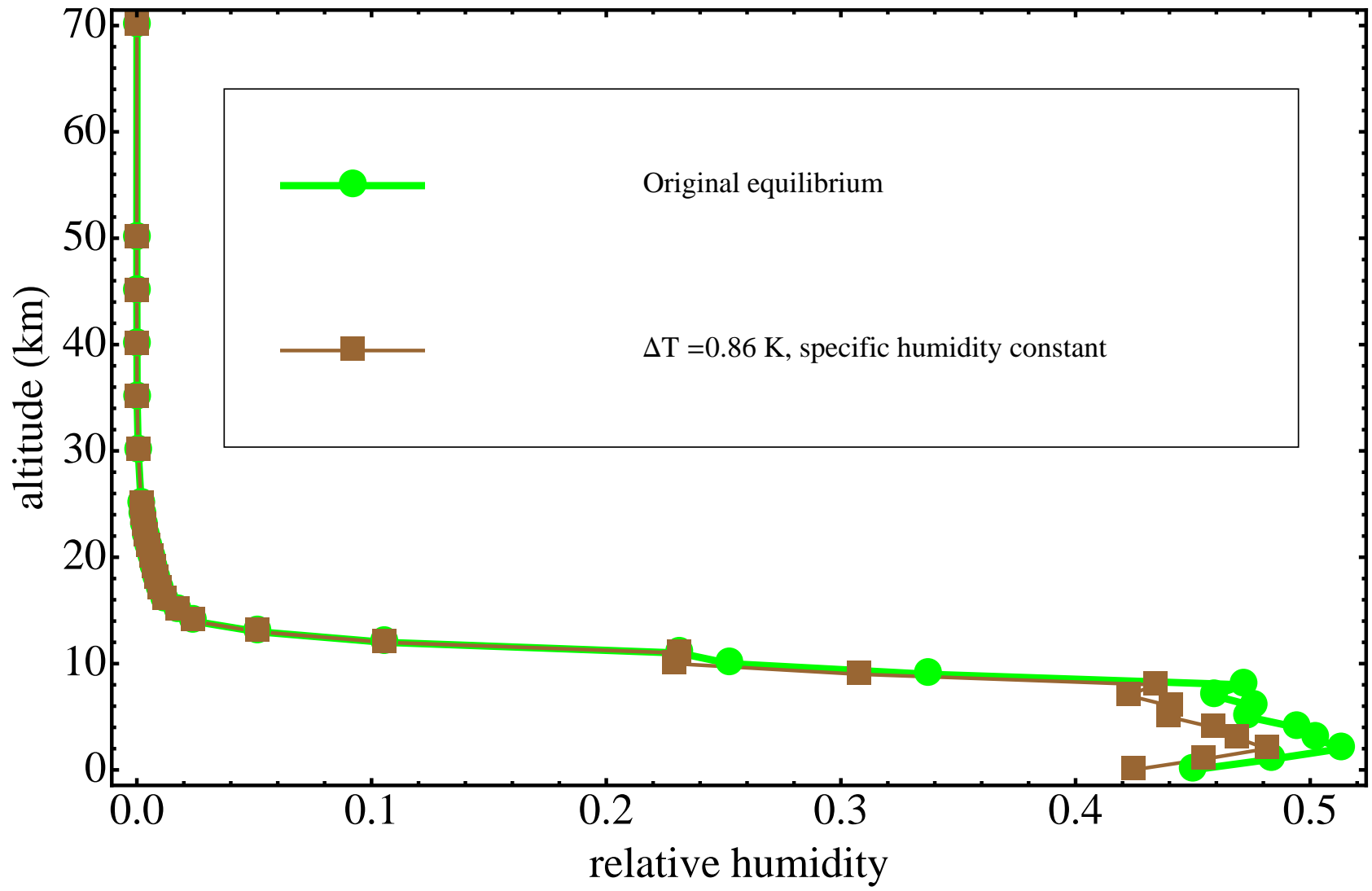












Repeat the analysis with: sensor altitude 20 km, looking down.

This sensor altitude is a surrogate for allowing the stratosphere to *cool* to a new equilibrium temperature in balance with solar absorption, and leave the upward flux contribution from the stratosphere invariant. Thus, analyzing radiative forcing at 20 km for double CO₂ calculations is more accurate, if the desire is to include the above feedback process in the radiative forcing.

